

TWO ARE KILLED OUTRIGHT

FATAL ACCIDENT OF THE CINCINNATI EXPRESS AT ELM GROVE.

It Was Caused by the Breaking of a Flange on the Combination Car—Four Cars Were Derailed, Turned Completely Over and Demolished—Twenty-five or Thirty Passengers Injured.

Pittsburg, Nov. 3.—Two persons were killed outright and twenty-five or thirty passengers were injured by the wrecking of the Cincinnati express at Elm Grove near Wheeling on the Baltimore and Ohio at 10:30 a. m. to-day. The dead are: Mrs. Hart, not yet fully identified; a child named Berkeley, parents live in Wheeling.

The seriously injured are: G. W. Gilbert, thigh broken; C. J. Garvan, oil operator, Marietta, O., head and spine injured, will die.

The accident was caused by the breaking of a flange on the combination car, which caused the derailment of that car, together with two coaches and a parlor car. The cars derailed turned completely over and were demolished. As soon as possible after the accident a relief train was sent from Wheeling with doctors and the injured passengers were taken to the hospital.

FIGHT MAY BE ON.

Faries Deeply in Tussle Expected to Have It in Mexico.

Hot Springs, Nov. 3.—A dispatch from Little Rock this morning stated that Stuart was sending out a batch of dispatches, but would not talk. This was shown to Brady, who said:

"We will positively pay no more attention to Fitzsimmons. We are through with him forever. It is useless to make Corbett any offers in connection with him."

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 3.—Dan Stuart left for Mexico this morning with Secretary Wheelock of the Florida Athletic club. He had a long talk with Julian before he left relatively to the proposition to pull off a fight at Juarez, across from El Paso, on November 19. To a press representative Stuart said:

"I have had confidential agents in Mexico for two weeks and their reports are uniformly favorable, but I have been fooled so often by the reports of others that I am determined to take no chances. I am going to see the governor of the Mexican state of Chihuahua, in which Juarez is situated. He has said to my agents that the fight can come off there without any interference. I am going to get his consent in black and white. If I get it the fight will be a go. If I do not get it I shall throw up the whole thing. I have been on a dead card for nearly a year now and I do not propose to blow in \$25,000 more on another fluke."

Julian said he had signed a preliminary agreement with Stuart for the proposed match. He also said that besides putting up the \$10,000 forfeit for the Juarez fight Stuart had agreed to make good personally the \$25,000 which the Florida club had guaranteed to pay Fitzsimmons in case the fight could not be pulled off at Dallas or Hot Springs because of legal interference. It is pretty well understood here that if Brady finally accepts Stuart's proposition, which is considered improbable, Stuart will have to find \$10,000 for Fitzsimmons to put up as a side bet, as Julian cannot raise the money. Stuart's persistence in endeavoring to pull off the fight has excited considerable curiosity as to his motives. After the fiasco of last week not a corporal's guard of sports could be induced to visit Mexico, even if they were assured of a fight. Therefore the gate money would amount to nothing.

The secret of Stuart's tenacity is said to be the fact that he has secured from the eidoloscope people a guarantee of \$50,000 for pictures of the fight.

Fitzsimmons' party after showing to-morrow night will do the one-night stands in Texas while awaiting the outcome of Stuart's Mexican mission.

Big Real Estate Deal.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 3.—A paper here states that the most colossal real estate deal in the history of St. Louis is now under way. It involves the expenditure of \$22,000,000, which, it is said, eastern capitalists will furnish, and the reclaiming of that section of the city between Third and Main streets, Washington avenue and Market streets. For years this quarter has been depreciating in value, firm after firm moving westward.

The Answer Filed.

West Superior, Wis., Nov. 3.—The answer of the West Superior Iron and Steel company in the case brought by the Central Trust company of New York to foreclose a trust deed of \$1,300,000 on the property has been filed in the circuit court and the case will come to trial at the next term. The defendant's main allegation is that the bonds and mortgages of the trust company were all issued to the latter without any authority from the stockholders. The laws of Minnesota, under which the steel company is organized, require a majority vote of the stockholders before a mortgage can be valid.

Missionaries in Danger.

Constantinople, Nov. 3.—The American missionaries at Bitlis have complained that they are in imminent danger and the Hon. A. W. Terrill, American minister, and Hon. M. W. Herbert, British charge d'affaires, will demand that the porte protect them from attack by the Moslems. Disturbances are reported in Blyanlik, Krasnodar, Syas and Diarbekir. Armenians have murdered a Turkish lieutenant, his wife and children, while they were journeying to Marash.

CHARGED WITH COMPLICITY.

The Feeling of Soreness in Berlin Is Not Abated.

Berlin, Nov. 3.—The feeling of soreness over the recent alarmist statements promulgated upon the alleged authority of the St. Petersburg official Messenger has not only not abated, but has been considerably aggravated by the semi-official explanation of the matter from which it would seem that the blame lies in the Russian official telegraph agency.

The Vossische Zeitung in an article championing the cause of the operators on the bourse who were hit hard through transactions based upon these statements, in plain language charges Russian officials with complicity in the matter and accuses certain officials in St. Petersburg with having had the intention of putting down quotations on the Berlin bourse. It is more likely, however, that the matter was the result of an oversight, but the act was culpable nevertheless.

This is the second occasion since Prince Lobanoff-Rostovsky was appointed Russian minister of foreign affairs that statements of the gravest import sent out from St. Petersburg have had to be disavowed upon official authority, the other occasion being the recent Bulgarian sensation which turned out to be a canard.

So intense is the feeling of indignation here over these incidents that it will be a long time before they will be forgotten and they will tend to increase the distrust of Wolff's agency, which has lately issued various retractions and explanations as well as to cast suspicion upon the "semi-official" system of promulgating important statements generally.

An Abundance of Copper.

Berlin, Nov. 3.—During the session of the colonial council, which was held about the middle of the week Herr Kaiser announced that the mines which the South West Africa company had opened to the northward of Otava contained copper in such abundant quantities as has seldom been found anywhere else in the world.

With Impressive Services.

Milan, Nov. 3.—The Garibaldi monument in this city was inaugurated to-day with impressive popular ceremonies. King Humbert sent a bronze crown to be placed on the monument. Neither the government nor the army was represented at the ceremonies. Several members of the party of the extreme left in the chamber of deputies were present. There was a great gathering of the masses, including delegates from 450 political societies and 100 lodges of Free Masons. Six thousand socialists, carrying 100 banners, were also present. Signor Felice Cavallotti, the leader of the radical intelligentsia in the chamber, attempted to make a speech eulogizing Garibaldi, but was stopped by the invasion of the reserved inclosure of the crowd, which was driven forward by the pressure of those in the rear anxious to hear the words of the poet-deputy. The proceedings were orderly throughout.

Storm of Adverse Comment.

Berlin, Nov. 3.—The Post devotes four columns to the reports of various United States consuls conveying the suggestion that American breeders export horses into Germany for the purpose of slaughtering them. The Post contends that live animals could not be exported profitably and declares that if the flesh of slaughtered animals should be sent here Germany would impose restrictions similar to those now in force against live cattle and dressed beef. The proposal to import horses into Germany for slaughtering has met with a storm of adverse comment.

Policy of France's Cabinet.

Paris, Nov. 3.—The cabinet has completed its declaration of policy and will submit it to President Faure to-morrow. The declaration will be read in the chamber at 3 o'clock to-morrow.

Sultan Requested Protection.

London, Nov. 3.—A despatch from Athens says that news has reached that city from Smyrna and Mitylene, Asia Minor, to the effect that rumors are current there that the sultan of Turkey has requested the protection of the British fleet owing to the threatening condition of affairs in Constantinople. No confirmation of the above dispatch can be had.

MAY DISPLACE CARTER.

A Movement Is Said to Be on Foot to That Effect Among Republicans.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—A special from Indianapolis says:

It is highly probable, as a result of the conference of local republicans with ex-Attorney General Michener, that the friends of Mr. Harrison will move early for the displacement of Chairman Carter of the national committee and the substitution, if not of an out-and-out Harrison man, at least one who will be in accord with the majority sentiment of the party in the matter of financial legislation. It is stated that Mr. Michener assured the other gentlemen present that a large majority of the members were not in accord with Chairman Carter in his views on silver.

Mr. Carter is known to be opposed to Harrison and is quoted as saying that Harrison could not be elected. The friends of the ex-president feel that the committee can be reorganized, and in such a reorganization that Harrison could more than likely control the election of a chairman.

No one has been suggested for the place, but it is said the candidates will come from the east.

SEVERAL LIQUOR RAIDS.

POLICE MADE THREE SUCCESSFUL VISITS YESTERDAY.

Three Saloon Keepers and Seventeen Frequenters Arrested—Doors Broken Open—Police Visited the Several Saloons in Backs—Other Arrests Yesterday.

The local police were kept busy yesterday looking after violators of the Sunday liquor law and as a result of their efforts three men were arrested charged with selling liquor on Sunday and seventeen were arrested and locked up under the new law, which makes it an offense for any person found in a saloon during unlawful hours.

The three saloonkeepers arrested were Frank McGuinness of 155 Hamilton street, Charles Fothergill of Water street and Charles Dow streets. The saloon at 155 Hamilton street is run by Patrick McGuinness, who is said to be one of the most persistent violators of the Sunday liquor law, although the license for the saloon is in the name of his brother Frank. For several Sundays the police have been unable to get anywhere near his saloon, owing to the fact that he had a number of sentinels around, who informed him of the approach of the officers.

Yesterday, however, it was decided to adopt different tactics in dealing with the case in question. Accordingly about 4 o'clock Officers Dargan and Williams of the Central station and Linsley and P. McKee of the Grand avenue precinct dressed in citizen's clothes got into a hack and were driven direct to the saloon. Upon their arrival there they broke open the door, which was barricaded with truck skulls. After a minute's delay, during which the majority of those inside the saloon succeeded in making their escape, the officers succeeded in effecting an entrance and found John J. Fox and William B. Brennan, who were arrested, charged with being found in a saloon on Sunday.

Frank McGuinness was also arrested, charged with violation of the Sunday liquor law. All were subsequently released under bonds.

After making their successful visit to this saloon the same officers continued their ride in the hack to Charles Fothergill's saloon at Water street and Forbes Place. Here they found a wholesale business being carried on and arrested Michael F. Keegan, Joseph Lyons, Thomas Welch, Daniel Breen, John O'Brien, James Finley, Robert D. Byers, Patrick Hyde, Edward Clemons and Gilbert Gannon, all of whom were found in the saloon. Fothergill was also arrested, but subsequently released on bonds. Fothergill was arrested August 4 for the same offense.

Shortly before 6 o'clock last evening the same officers paid an unwelcome visit to Patrick Lee's place at the corner of Oak and Dow streets. Here they found Lee carrying on a lucrative business in a room over the saloon. He was arrested, charged with violation of the Sunday liquor law and the following men, who were found in the place, were also placed under arrest: Michael McGarry, Michael Tynan, Thomas E. Reilly, Thomas F. McCarthy, William T. Morton. All those arrested will be arraigned in the city court this morning.

ASSAULTED A POLICEMAN.

Patrolman William A. Rice of the Howard avenue precinct was badly cut about the head and face yesterday afternoon by a crowd of roughs while attempting to make an arrest. Shortly before 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon Rice placed Michael McCarthy, who was very much under the influence of liquor, under arrest at the corner of Congress avenue and West street.

A crowd immediately collected, among which were Maurice J. Reilly, Michael Casey, John Sullivan and John McCarthy, a brother of the prisoner. They attempted to proceed to attempt to take McCarthy away from the officer and a free-for-all fight ensued. Rice, however, pluckily held on to his man until one of the crowd succeeded in getting his "billy" away from him and struck Rice across the head with it, inflicting two cuts, one on the side of the face and the other on the chin.

Rice dropped to the ground from the force of the blow and let go his hold on McCarthy. The other three immediately desisted and all four made their escape, no one in the crowd attempting to arrest their flight. Up to a late hour last night none of the quartet had been arrested. Rice's injuries while painful are not serious, but it will be several days before he will be able to do any duty.

ITALIAN WITH A RAZOR.

Frank Mareco was arrested on State street yesterday afternoon by Officer R. T. Moore and locked up, charged with breach of the peace. Mareco became involved in a fight in a Fair street lodging house, during the course of which he drew a razor, but fortunately did not succeed in cutting anyone.

On the Eve of a Strike.

St. Louis, Nov. 3.—A paper here states that the American Railway union is on the eve of a great strike compared with which that of 1894 will be a mere skirmish. Debs and his followers, it is said, are particularly bitter against the Great Northern Railway for breaking its agreement. Every road in the west and northwest will be drawn into the strike. The situation is deemed so critical by the corporations threatened that measures for protection are being carried out. For several days a detective agency here has been engaging men, over 700 being shipped to different points Friday night, and nearly 500 yesterday. Large numbers of men filled the rooms of the Thiel agency yesterday but would not give any information as to their destination. The Thiel agencies at Chicago and Kansas City are also enlisting men and shipping them to different points. The A. R. U. officers refuse to discuss the matter.

SEASON OF 1895-1896.

New Haven University Extension Center. Dr. Richard Burton has been secured to give under the above auspices the first course of lectures, which it is intended shall be followed by probably three other courses.

Dr. Burton's subject is American Literature, six lectures, dates and subjects as follows:

- I. Introductory. Definitions and Bibliography. The Right Conception of American Literature. A Glance at the Drama as a Form in Our Literature—November 13.
- II. Cooper and the Novel—November 20.
- III. Irving and the Essay—November 27.
- IV. Bryant and Poetry—December 4.
- V. Webster and Oratory—December 11.
- VI. Bancroft and History—December 18.

The place is the United church chapel. Lectures begin at 8 o'clock. Course tickets, \$1.50. Single tickets, 50 cents. Tickets at the free public library. Membership fee, admitting to all courses of the season, 1895-6, \$3.

Three other courses, it is hoped, will be given during the winter. Six lecturers, from whom three will be chosen to give the three courses, unless circumstances should indicate otherwise, have been selected as follows:

Professor William North Rice, Wesleyan university, Middletown. Subjects: Bermuda, Yellowstone Park, Volcanoes (illustrated lectures), or Evolution (four lectures).

Frederick Wells Williams, Yale university. Modern Asiatic History, six lectures. (1. The State and Peoples of the Far East. 2. Russia in Asia. 3. England in Asia. 4. Opening of China. 5. New Japan. 6. War Over Korea.)

Mrs. Mary H. Flint, New York. History and Development of Architecture, course of six lectures illustrated by stereopticon. (1. Oriental Architecture. 2. Classic Architecture. 3. Architecture of Roman Empire. 4. Mediaeval Architecture. 5. Gothic. 6. Architecture of the Renaissance; Modern Architecture.)

William Lyon Phelps, Yale university. Ellakabehian Drama (exclusive of Shakespeare), six lectures, or Nineteenth Century Poetry, six lectures. (1. Wordsworth. 2. Byron. 3. Shelley. 4. Keats. 5. Tennyson. 6. Browning.)

Arthur M. Wheeler, Yale university. The French Revolution to 1799, or The Napoleonic Period to 1815, or The Remaining Period to 1871, six lectures, each course.

Professor Herbert W. Conn, Wesleyan university. Bacteria and Modern Life, six lectures; or Problems of Animal Life, six lectures. (1. The Evolution of Animals. 2. The Animals' Debt to Plants. 3. The Plant's Debt to Animals. 4. The Bottom of the Sea. 5. The Danger of Interfering With Nature. 6. Protoplasm and the Modern Microscope.)

Several Indians Burned.

Huron, S. D., Nov. 3.—The St. Stephen mission on the Crow reservation has been burned. The buildings were erected by Miss Kate Dezel nine years ago for an Indian school and were under the supervision of the Roman Catholics. The loss is \$25,000; partially insured. Several Indian children narrowly escaped being burned to death. The buildings will be rebuilt.

New Record by Cox.

Louisville, Nov. 3.—S. C. Cox of Chicago, who was recently transferred from class A to class B by the L. A. W., established a new record nine years ago when he flew yesterday, going the third flying start, unopposed, in 43 seconds. A. F. Sonn lowered the two-mile record flying start, unopposed, to 4:29. The record was 4:30 3-5.

PRESIDENT DEBS' CIRCULAR.

Will Favor Admission of All Telegraphers to the Union.

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 3.—President Debs of the A. R. U. will issue a circular to all local unions to-morrow announcing that the directors have decided to admit commercial as well as railway telegraphers to the order. As nearly as practicable telegraphers will be organized in unions composed wholly of members engaged in that occupation. Since the telegraphers lost their big strike thirteen years ago they have been afraid to join a labor organization, it is said, and have been asking to be admitted to the A. R. U.

President Debs says that after the expiration of his sentence in the Woodstock jail and the meeting in Chicago he will come to this city, where he will be engaged with his official affairs for thirty days. Then he will make a tour of the country, beginning in Texas. He says the union has gained a strong foothold in the New England states, where it was supposed to have little chance.

OF LOCAL INTEREST.

The party of Leslie Thomas, nephew of Squire Thomas in "Sins of Night," to be produced at the Grand Opera house the first three nights of this week, will be taken by Tilsdon Bryce, who played Sir John Hargraves in "Bobby Melville of London." Mr. Bryce arrived in this city yesterday from Detroit, where he has been playing in "Bird of a Feather," and goes on to-night after only one rehearsal of his part, but as he is an old stock actor a good performance may be looked for.

Holmes Is Unconcerned.

Philadelphia, Nov. 3.—District Attorney Graham to-night said he did not think the court would grant a new trial to Holmes, as there was nothing upon the records that would show an error sufficient to warrant it. Holmes spent to-day apparently unconcerned over his death sentence. He still maintains his air of injured innocence and reads and writes when not absorbed in thought.

HIS FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

A FEW WORDS RETROSPECTIVE BY REV. DR. PHILLIPS.

At the Church of the Redeemer Yesterday—His Pan-torate of This Church—Interesting Statistics—Beautiful Floral Decorations of the Church.

At the Church of the Redeemer yesterday morning Rev. Dr. Phillips preached from the text, Acts 10, 29: "Therefore came I unto you without gainsaying, as soon as I was sent for; I ask therefore for what intent ye have sent for me."

Dr. Phillips spoke substantially as follows: "I have no comment to make upon these words. They are quoted because of their evident appropriateness to this occasion. Five years ago to-day I preached my first sermon in this pulpit as your pastor. To me these have been happy, pleasant years. I should be doing violence to my best sense of judgment if I did not make grateful acknowledgement of your kindness and patience. And, as you stand looking back upon these years I hope you do not regret your action more than I do mine. It has been very easy for me to conform to your customs and usages. The passage from one household of faith to another has been made exceeding pleasant by your kindly greeting at the first and in your forbearance in all our experiences together. In the growing facility with which honest men pass from one denomination to another there seems to me evidence of the growing tendency for which devout men are praying.

But these years have also been sad. Many noble men and women have passed beyond our sight. Many homes have been darkened. Many of you bring tears to this place to-day. As I look down these aisles and into these pews I miss many faces which greeted me that Sabbath morning five years ago. But I look into the faces of many who were not with us then. Again I offer them a cordial welcome and assure them of our pleasure in their presence. I shall bring you no statistics other than these. We have received into our fellowship during these five years 147 persons, an average of 29 2-5 each year. Of these 48 have come on profession of faith, 99 by letter. There have been removed 110. Of these 53 were removed by death and 57 by letter. And now I ask with what intent ye sent for me. Not, I hope, simply because you were in need of a pastor, and were prepared to receive whoever your committee might select. May I flatter myself that, after investigation, you believed my work and preaching such as would be adapted to your conditions and needs? Certainly I came believing that I would find among you such a field. I have not posed as a specialist in theology, new or old. I have not attempted to be a sensationalist or a crowd-compeller. I have tried to preach a simple gospel message, not my own word, but a word of God spoken first in my own soul. It has been a Christocentric message. I have tried to increase your love and loyalty for this church as the best avenue through which you can impress this community, and an institution in every way worthy of your best affection and effort. To quicken your spiritual apprehension. I have insisted upon the supreme importance of spiritual things; not moral things, not matters of form and doctrine, but those of spiritual things into the appreciation and enjoyment of which the soul comes through fellowship with Jesus Christ.

Thus I have endeavored to build up a moral and spiritual force here that may helpfully felt in all the thoughts and life of the community. Such has been my message. Such it will continue to be. I have not done as much as I wished or hoped, but I am as much as ever determined, by the help of God, to go straight on in this course. Will you strike hands with me for a new consecration, greater efficiency and larger results?

Yesterday's services were particularly interesting from the fact that the day was the fifth anniversary of Dr. Phillips' coming to the pastorate of the church. The church was finely decorated with potted plants, palms and cut flowers. A large congregation was present, and after the short sermon communion was administered. Eight new members were received.

Daughters of the King.

The regular weekly meeting of the Daughters of the King of St. Paul's church will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock. To-morrow evening the guild will hold its first reception of the season in the guild room. All the older members of the Sunday school are invited. There will be a short program of recitations and musical selections with an amusing game to follow.

The efficient committee of arrangements is Miss Grace Chapman, Miss Ida Smedley and Miss Ensign.

The November meeting of St. Paul's church club will be held next Wednesday evening, November 6, at 8 o'clock at the vestry on the east side of the church building. The rector, Rev. E. S. Lines, will speak upon the late general convention held in Minneapolis, and will answer questions concerning its work.

Judge Hollister Nearly Recovered.

Judge John C. Hollister, who has been ill for a few weeks past, was able to get out a few days last week. He is improving, and it is expected he will soon be able to be about as usual.

FOR THE CONSOLIDATED.

A New General Master Mechanic. Meadville, Pa., Nov. 3.—F. B. Smith, master mechanic of the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio railroad, has resigned to accept the position of general master mechanic of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad.

TO DO AWAY WITH FULMINATE.

A New Haven Man's New Invention—To Fire Guns by Electricity—His Confidence That It Will Prove a Success.

John F. Blake of this city is the author of a new invention which, if successful, promises to excite a great deal of attention and interest throughout the country and wherever guns and sporting rifles are used, and which does away with fulminate in the firing of the weapons. Fulminate is highly dangerous, as the recent fatalities at the Winchester armory emphasize. Mr. Blake's invention is of much importance, if it is a success, as he indicates. His invention is simply this—that the gun is fired by electricity. Several inventions of this kind made heretofore have not been a success, but Mr. Blake is quite confident as to his. Mr. Blake said last night: "In the stock of the gun I put a dry electric battery and the shell and the powder are placed in proper connection. The gun now used are not altered at all for the new purpose, only at the trigger. An arc is formed inside as most preferred either at the tail or the center of the bullet. The trigger when pulled completes the electric circuit and the gun is fired.

This method of firing, continued Mr. Blake, is cheaper than where fulminate is used, the electric method being very inexpensive as compared with the latter. Then, too, the electric firing is perfectly safe. There is no danger. The powder does not explode until the circuit is established.

Mr. Blake has not yet applied for a patent, but will do so at once. He is a well known inventor, having patented numerous inventions of his own. The electric pumps and faucets made by the Moeller-Blake company of this city are his inventions; another is the Blake carpet rug sewing machine, and there are many other of his inventions that have proved practical successes.

ADDRESS BY COLONEL SPRAGUE.

Delivered at United Church Last Evening Under the Auspices of the Men's Club—John Milton and Civil and Religious Liberty.

Services at the United church last evening were under the auspices of the Men's Sunday Evening club. The feature of the evening was an address by Col. Horace B. Sprague, a distinguished teacher and orator, years ago an attorney in New Haven, on "John Milton and Civil and Religious Liberty."

Mr. Sprague in introducing his subject spoke of Milton as the sublimest of poets, the profoundest of scholars, a historian, a statesman, a lexicographer and the world's foremost champion of religious liberty. Milton was born in London in 1608 and was the son of a scrivener. Contemporary with him were Shakespeare and Ben Jonson, in the brilliant reign of England's foremost queen. England had become at that time a plateau of thought full of mounting genius towering among which was John Milton. Mr. Sprague then described the course of Milton's life through his earlier years and during his career at Christ's college, where he was very proficient in all his studies, but did not like the curriculum. It had been the intention of his parents to make a minister of him, but such was the dislike which he felt toward Bishop Lord of London, one of the most contemptible men of the time, that he would not enter the profession.

After the death of his mother in 1628 Milton started on a continental tour, and in Paris met such men as Galileo, for whom he evinced the greatest admiration. In Paris Milton was very outspoken in his religious opinions and incurred the hatred of the Catholics to such an extent that a plot was formed to assassinate him, but fell through. From Paris he went to Rome, where he was equally outspoken and narrowly escaped having trouble. At this time England was torn by civil commotions and Milton decided to return to his native country, as he said that he did not feel like loitering abroad while there was such trouble at home. He was then undoubtedly one of the ablest scholars of the time. He ever remained independent in thought and action, and there is no evidence that he feared anything under God. Here fitly enshrined was a heroic soul. The speaker then described the internal troubles in England during the period preceding the execution of Charles I., and told of Milton's part in the great events. An obnoxious form of religion was being forced on the people and Milton stood through it all in defense of religious liberty. In 1651 he lost the sight of the left eye, and when later in life he became totally blind he did not cease to work, but still labored on with the aid of an amanuensis. Mr. Sprague then ascribed the struggle through which the principle of religious worship was going, both in England and in the American colonies, and told of Milton's labors in his behalf. The church was well filled, even the galleries being partially occupied, and all enjoyed wonderfully the hour and a half of the address.

Chrysanthemums Will Abound.

The chrysanthemum show opens at Union armory next Wednesday evening and promises to be an unusually attractive affair. The flower booth will be in charge of Mrs. William Farnam, Mrs. E. V. Reynolds and Mrs. E. E. Merrick. The assistants will be Mrs. Louis English, Mrs. Bruce Fenn, Mrs. Whitcomb, Mrs. Edward Sargent, Miss Mae Mansfield, Miss Mable Wilcox, Miss Weir and Miss Katharine Wilcox.

The booths will be decorated in evergreens and hung with Japanese lanterns. The ladies in charge will wear reception dresses and bonnets. An orchestra will be in constant attendance and will enhance the beauties of the exhibit. A fine lot of roses and chrysanthemums will be sold far below usual charity fair prices.

OF CHRISTIAN WORKERS'

THE MAMMOTH CONVENTION OPENS NEXT THURSDAY.

The Full Program of the Event—Opening Speakers—Governor Coffin, Rev. D. M. James, Mayor Hendrick, Rev. Dr. Brastow—John T. Manson, Rev. Mr. Potat—Many Noted Speakers from Other Cities to Follow During the Eight Days of the Convention.

Following is the program of the ninth annual convention of Christian Workers in the United States and Canada to be held at Calvary Baptist church eight days, November 7-14, 1895:

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7.

Morning Session.

9:30—Prayer and praise service led by Rev. R. A. Torrey, chairman of convention and superintendent of the Bible Institute, Chicago, Ill. Singing led by Rev. F. M. Lamb, Kennebunkport, Me., assisted by Mr. and Mrs. George D. Elderkin, Chicago, Ill.

10:15—Addresses of welcome. For the state of Connecticut, Hon. O. Vincent Coffin, governor of Connecticut. For the Christian ministry of New Haven, Rev. D. M. James, Second Congregational church of this city. For the city of New Haven, Hon. A. C. Hendrick, mayor of New Haven. For Yale university, Rev. L. O. Brastow, D. D., by request for President Dwight, who is out of the city. For the local executive committee, John T. Manson, chairman, For Calvary Baptist church, Rev. E. M. Potat, pastor.

11:45—Addresses by Rev. R. A. Torrey, Chicago, Ill., president the International Christian Workers' association and chairman of convention, and Rev. John C. Collins, New Haven, Conn., secretary.

11:40—Brief addresses and devotional.

Afternoon Session.

2:15—Devotional service led by Rev. H. W. Pope, associate secretary the International Christian Workers' association.

2:30—Brief addresses, H. B. Gibboud, superintendent Rescue Mission, Syracuse, N. Y.; Rev. G. W. Hinckley, Good Will Home for Boys, East Fairfield, Me.; Mrs. George R. Clarke, Pacific Garden Mission, Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. E. M. Keith, Worcester, Mass.; Rev. Thomas Bone, St. Catharines, Canada, and Rev. A. H. Scott, Perth, Ont., Can.

3:15—Secretary's paper and report, Rev. John C. Collins, New Haven, Conn.

4:05—Christian work in New Haven, Rev. Watson L. Phillips, D. D., pastor Church of the Redeemer, New Haven, Conn.

4:50—Devotional service.

Evening Session.

7:30—Devotional service led by Rev. David Allen Reed, Springfield, Mass.

7:45—Christian Evidences and Testimonies, R. B. Crook, Berwick, Me., and A. H. Rice, New York.

8:20—Testimony of the Land to the Book; or Evidential Value of Palestine, convention sermon, Rev. David Gregg, D. D., pastor Lafayette avenue Presbyterian church, Brooklyn, N. Y.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8.

Morning Session.

9:30—Devotional service led by H. J. Gillette, Hartford, Conn.

9:45—Christian Workers Training class led by H. B. Gibboud, Syracuse, N. Y.

10:20—First Aid to the Injured and How Used as an Auxiliary in Christian Work, Dr. George A. Richards, New York, and Mrs. J. R. Paddock, Cheshire, Conn.

11:10—Open Air Work in England and the United States, with report of the Open Air Workers' association of America, Rev. E. H. Byington, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Afternoon Session.

2:00—Devotional service led by George W. Swan, Norwich, Conn.

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